

## Romans – Theological Terms -Definitions

**A. Justification** (Ro. 4:25; Ro. 5:18 )

**Definition:** The imputation of God's righteousness, which is acquired by all who believe in Christ.

**B. Imputation** (Ro. 4:24)

**Definition:** To account to be true, reckon, consider.

**C. Propitiation** (Ro. 3:25; I John 2:2)

**Definition:** The satisfaction of the holiness & wrath of God towards our sin.

**D. Redemption** (Eph. 1:7; Tit. 2:14)

**Definition:** To be set free from the grip of sin because of the paying of the price of Christ's death.

**E. Regeneration** (Titus 3:5)

**Definition:** An inner recreating of fallen human nature by the gracious sovereign action of the Holy Spirit. (A change in our moral and spiritual nature)

**F. Adoption** (Gal. 4:5; Ro. 8:15; Gal 3:26, Eph. 1:5)

**Definition:** The mature son-ship secured for all believers by the redeeming work of Christ. That act of God by which he restores penitent and believing men to their privileges as members of the divine family and makes them heirs of heaven.

**G. Reconciliation** (Ro. 5:10)

**Definition:** Restoration of a relationship of peace and friendship with God.

**H. Guilt** (Ro. 3:19)

**Definition:** A sinner's obligation to a holy God

**J. Penalty, Wages** (Ro. 6:23)

**Definition:** Pain/loss inflicted by God as the law-giver, to vindicate His justice

**Source:** "ROMANS," Professor Wayne A. Brindle, Liberty University, 1988.